EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

EIRGENIX, INC.

<u>Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022, pursuant to "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises," the entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates are the same as the entities required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies under International Financial Reporting Standard No. 10. Also, if relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies, it shall not be required to prepare separate consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Hereby declare,

EirGenix Inc.

Representative: Lee-Cheng Liu

March 10, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of EirGenix Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of EirGenix Inc. and subsidiary (the "Group") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters for the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Accuracy of service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue

Description

Refer to Note 4(26) for accounting policy on service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue recognition, Note 5(2) for significant accounting estimates and assumptions, and Note 6(19) for details of operating revenue. The amount of service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue for the year ended December 31, 2022 were NTD 757,680 thousand and NTD 261,876 thousand, respectively.

The Group's service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue primarily arise from offering biopharmaceutical contract development and manufacturing services and authorising intellectual property rights of medicine development to pharmaceutical factory. Revenue is recognised based on the stage of completion at the balance sheet date provided that such transaction amounts can be reliably estimated. Since the information process, recording and maintenance are partially performed manually and the recognition of service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue contains a high degree of uncertainty resulting in a complex calculation process, and revenue recognition is significant to the financial statements, we considered the accuracy of service revenue recognition a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained management's accounting policies on the service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue recognition and confirmed that they are reasonable.
- 2. Selected samples and examined the contract in order to confirm whether the judgement made by the management was in line with the contract and generally accepted accounting principles.
- 3. For the performance obligation which was satisfied over time, selected samples and examined each data of contract costs and assessed whether the method and parameters used to measure the completion of performance obligation are reasonable.
- 4. Recalculated the accuracy of amount recognised as revenue and respective timing of recognition.

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment

Description

Refer to Note 4(17) for accounting policy on impairment of non-financial assets, Note 5(2) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to property, plant and equipment and Note 6(8) for description of property, plant and equipment.

On December 31, 2022, property, plant and equipment amounted to NTD 2,608,848 thousand, which were constructed to extend the production capacity of GMP. The Company assesses at each balance sheet date the fair value or recoverable value of those assets whether there is any indication that they may be impaired based on internal and external information. Since the impairment indication assessment and information and assumptions used to assess recoverable amount of assets have a significant impact to property, plant and equipment, we considered the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- 1. Reviewed and assessed the reasonableness of each data in the impairment assessment.
- 2. Assessed the estimation procedure of future cash flows, and checked whether the cash flows listed in the assessment is consistent with operating plans.
- 3. Interviewed management to discuss the Group's operations and reviewed the actual performance of prior years' operating plans in order to understand the Group's intention and ability and ascertained whether there was any significant postponement on research and development.
- 4. Assessed the reasonableness of the significant assumptions adopted in estimating cash flows.

Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of EirGenix Inc. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Teng, Sheng-Wei

Yen, Yu-Fang

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 10, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31, 2022	2	December 31, 2021	l
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 6,126,885	52	\$ 6,625,384	58
1110	Current financial assets at fair value	6(2)				
	through profit or loss		-	-	891	-
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(3)				
	cost		1,000,000	9	1,636,640	14
1140	Current contract assets	6(19) and 7	234,399	2	170,597	1
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)	-	-	1,139	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	32,782	-	78,474	1
1180	Accounts receivable, net-related	7				
	parties		-	-	546	-
1200	Other receivables		24,944	-	6,818	-
1220	Current income tax assets		5,963	-	1,128	-
130X	Inventories	6(5)	739,463	6	413,712	4
1410	Prepayments	6(6)	123,442	1	106,048	1
1476	Other current financial assets	6(1) and 8	-	-	27,334	-
1479	Other current assets, others		 <u> </u>		 1,555	
11XX	Total current assets		 8,287,878	70	9,070,266	79
	Non-current assets					
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(2) and 7				
	value through profit or loss		61,420	1	-	-
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(7)				
	value through other comprehensive					
	income		279,325	2	11,607	-
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(3) and 8				
	amortised cost		41,123	-	8,588	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(8) and 8	2,608,848	22	1,886,824	17
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9) and 7	325,330	3	297,739	3
1780	Intangible assets	6(10)	28,067	-	19,553	-
1990	Other non-current assets, others	6(8), 7 and 8	 215,165	2	 146,296	1
15XX	Total non-current assets		 3,559,278	30	 2,370,607	21
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 11,847,156	100	\$ 11,440,873	100

(Continued)

EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	,			D		D121 2021	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities						
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(19) and 7	\$	150,475	1 \$	223,967	2
2170	Accounts payable			134,607	1	86,456	1
2200	Other payables	6(11)		407,387	4	234,716	2
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		7,732	-	5,695	-
2230	Current tax liabilities			761	-	1,159	-
2280	Current lease liabilities	7		26,826	-	19,231	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(12)(13) and 8		-	-	127,070	1
2399	Other current liabilities, others			3,104	<u> </u>	4,922	
21XX	Total current liabilities			730,892	6	703,216	6
	Non-current liabilities						
2527	Non-current contract liabilities	6(19)		-	-	20,059	-
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(13) and 8		120,460	1	-	-
2570	Deferred tax liabilities	6(25)		874	-	536	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7		311,758	3	288,311	3
2600	Other non-current liabilities, others			294	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			433,386	4	308,906	3
2XXX	Total Liabilities			1,164,278	10	1,012,122	9
	Equity						
	Capital	6(16)					
3110	Common stock			3,043,358	26	3,003,845	26
	Capital reserve	6(17)					
3200	Capital surplus			7,734,141	65	10,475,952	92
	Accumulated deficit	6(18)					
3350	Accumulated deficit		(115,540) (1)(2,973,500) (26)
	Other equity interest						
3400	Other equity interest			20,919	(77,546) (1)
3XXX	Total Equity			10,682,878	90	10,428,751	91
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognised contract commitments						
	Significant events after the balance	11					
	sheet date						
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	11,847,156	100 \$	11,440,873	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as loss per share)

			Year ended December 31				
				2022		2021	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	%
4000	Operating Revenue	6(19) and 7	\$	1,481,017	100 \$	1,697,359	100
5000	Operating Costs	6(5)(10)(24) and 7	(724,565) (<u>49</u>) (604,305) (35)
5900	Gross Profit			756,452	51	1,093,054	65
	Operating Expenses	6(10)(24) and 7					
6100	Sales and marketing expenses		(50,844) (3) (33,602) (2)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(236,675) (16) (223,564) (13)
6300	Research and development expenses		(800,144) (54) (893,510) (53)
6450	Reversal of credit impairment	12(2)					
	loss(expected credit impairment			202			
	loss)			392	(689)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,087,271) (73) (1,151,365) (68)
6900	Operating Loss		(330,819) (22) (58,311) (3)
	Non-operating Income and Expenses						
7100	Interest income	6(3)(4)(20)		59,584	4	10,366	1
7010	Other income	6(21)		37,644	2	40,195	2
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(22)		128,915	9 (12,266) (1)
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(23) and 7	(9,639) (<u> </u>	21,149) (1)
7000	Total non-operating income and						
	expenses			216,504	14	17,146	1
7900	Loss before Income Tax		(114,315) (8) (41,165) (2)
7950	Income tax expense	6(25)	(1,225)		1,416)	
8200	Net Loss		(\$	115,540) (8) (\$	42,581) (2)
	Other Comprehensive Income						
	Components of other comprehensive						
	income that will not be reclassified to						
	profit or loss						
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from	6(7)					
	investments in equity instruments						
	measured at fair value through other						
	comprehensive income		\$	59,091	<u>4</u> \$	5,651	
8310	Other comprehensive income that						
	will not be reclassified to profit or						
	loss			59,091	<u>4</u>	5,651	
	Components of other comprehensive						
	income that will be reclassified to						
02.61	profit or loss			220	,	225)	
8361	Exchange differences on translation	((0.5)		220	- (335)	-
8399	Income tax related to components of	6(25)					
	other comprehensive income that					10	
02.60	will be reclassified to profit or loss			- -		19	
8360	Other comprehensive income that			220		216	
0200	will be reclassified to profit or loss		<u></u>	220	<u> </u>	316)	
8300	Other Comprehensive Income		\$	59,311	4 \$	5,335	
8500	Total Comprehensive Loss		(\$	56,229) (<u>4</u>) (<u>\$</u>	37,246) (2)
0=	Loss per share (in dollars)	6(26)			0.00: ::		0
9750	Loss per share (in dollars)		(\$		0.38) (\$		0.18)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

						Equity at	ributable to owners o	of the parent					
					Capital	Reserves		*	_		Other equity interest	t	
	Notes	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Donated assets received	Employee stock options	Capital surplus, share options	Restricted stock to employees	Capital surplus, others	Accumulated deficit	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unearned compensation	Total equity
Year ended December 31, 2021													
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 2,063,751	\$ 2,737,424	\$ 2,036	\$ 13,798	\$ 8,056	\$ 52,660	\$ -	(\$ 2,930,919)	\$ 79	\$ 180	(\$ 41,448)	\$ 1,905,617
Loss for 2021		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(42,581)	-	-	-	(42,581)
Other comprehensive income(loss)	6(7)									(316)	5,651		5,335
Total comprehensive income(loss)									(42,581)	(316)	5,651		(37,246)
Issuance of shares	6(16)	900,000	7,329,736	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,229,736
Cash capital increase reserved for employee preemption	6(15)	-	88,335	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88,335
Compensation costs of employee stock options	6(15)	-	-	-	29,935	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,935
Employee stock options exercised	6(15)(16)	3,865	9,489	-	(1,775)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,579
Issuance of employee restricted stocks	6(15)(16)	9,525	-	-	-	-	67,567	-	-	-	-	(77,092)	-
Redemption of employee restricted stock	6(15)(16)	(4,253)	-	-	-	-	4,253	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation costs of employee restricted stocks	6(15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,400	35,400
Restricted stocks vested		-	9,552	-	-	-	(9,552)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(12)(16)	30,957	139,027			(4,589)							165,395
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 3,003,845	\$ 10,313,563	\$ 2,036	\$ 41,958	\$ 3,467	\$ 114,928	\$ -	(\$ 2,973,500)	(\$ 237)	\$ 5,831	(\$ 83,140)	\$ 10,428,751
Year ended December 31, 2022												<u> </u>	
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 3,003,845	\$ 10,313,563	\$ 2,036	\$ 41,958	\$ 3,467	\$ 114,928	\$ -	(\$ 2,973,500)	(\$ 237)	\$ 5,831	(\$ 83,140)	\$ 10,428,751
Loss for 2022									(115,540)				(115,540)
Other comprehensive income(loss)	6(7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	220	59,091	-	59,311
Total comprehensive income(loss)		-	-					-	(115,540)	220	59,091		(56,229)
Capital surplus used to offset accumulated deficits	6(18)	-	(2,971,464)	(2,036)			-	-	2,973,500	-	-		
Compensation costs of employee stock options	6(15)	-	-	-	61,651	-	-	871	-	-	-	-	62,522
Employee stock options exercised	6(15)(16)	10,523	26,467	-	(8,320)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,670
Issuance of employee restricted stocks	6(15)(16)	6,318	-	-	-	-	47,318	-	-	-	-	(53,636)	-
Redemption of employee restricted stock	6(15)(16)	(2,260)	-	-	-	-	2,260	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation costs of employee restricted stocks	6(15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,790	92,790
Restricted stocks vested		-	59,358	-	-	-	(59,358)	-	-	-	-	-	-

3,462)

126,374

43,986) \$ 10,682,878

64,922

Conversion of convertible bonds

Pay off convertible bonds Balance at December 31, 2022 6(12)(16)

24,932

3,043,358

104,904

EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31		
	Notes		2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss before tax		(\$	114,315) ((\$ 41,165)
Adjustments		(1	: , , ,	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)				
Depreciation expense	6(8)(9)(24)		189,100	168,692
Amortization expense	6(10)(24)		16,184	16,304
Net profit on financial assets or liabilities at fair	6(2)(22)		,:	,
value		(2,863) ((1,937)
Interest expense	6(23)		9,639	21,149
Interest income	6(20)	(59,584) (
Share-based payments	6(15)(24)		155,312	153,670
Loss on redemption of convertible bonds	6(22)		3	,
Reversal of credit impairment loss(expected	12(2)			
credit impairment loss)	()	(392)	689
Loss on lease modification	6(9)(22)		709	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Changes in operating assets				
Current contract assets		(63,802) ((37,559)
Notes receivable, net			1,139	19,913
Accounts receivable, net			46,084 ((6,631)
Accounts receivable, net-related parties				(546)
Other receivables		(13,790) (
Inventories		(324,025)	(252,780)
Prepayments		(17,394)	(21,468)
Other current assets		`	1,555	
Changes in operating liabilities			,	, ,
Contract liabilities		(93,551) ((29,776)
Accounts payable		`	48,151	45,295
Other payables				(37,664)
Other payables - related parties			2,037	1,626
Other current liabilities, others		(1,818) ((3,662)
Cash outflow generated from operations		(187,221)	
Interest received		`	55,231	9,549
Interest paid		(9,316) (
Income tax refund		`	-	77
Income tax paid		(6,212) ((898)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(147,518)	(29,899)
			117,510	2,,0,,

(Continued)

EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Year ended December 31			per 31	
	Notes		2022	_	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of financial assets at amortised cost		(\$	1,032,516)	(\$	1,522,782)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at					
amortised cost			1,636,640		-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(27)	(345,792)	(166,692)
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(10)	(8,652)	(3,017)
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits(shown as					
other non-current assets, others)		(778)		958
Decrease in other financial assets			27,334		3,266
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through	6(7)				
other comprehensive income		(208,627)		-
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through	6(2) and 7				
profit or loss		(58,390)		-
Increase in other non-current assets		(465,269)	(68,453)
Increase in prepayments for investments		(20,000)		<u>-</u>
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(476,050)	(1,756,720)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Repayments of bonds	6(12)(28)	(200)		-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(28)		120,460		37,160
Repayments of long-term borrowings	6(28)		-	(755,174)
Increase in guarantee deposits received(shown as	6(28)				
other non-current liabilities)			294		-
Repayments of lease principal	6(9)(28)	(24,435)	(19,570)
Issuance of common stocks			-		8,229,736
Employee stock options exercised			28,669		11,579
Net cash flows from financing activities			124,788		7,503,731
Effect of exchange rate			281	(74)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(498,499)		5,717,038
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			6,625,384		908,346
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	6,126,885	\$	6,625,384

EIRGENIX INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. History and Organization

- (1) EirGenix, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) in December 2012. In April 2013, the Company obtained all key technologies from the biopharmaceutical pilot plant originally owned by the Development Center for Biotechnology, including its complete core competencies. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the research and development of biosimilars and new drugs, as well as biopharmaceutical contract development and manufacturing services, which included cell line construction platforms, process development platforms, analytical science and protein identification. Furthermore, EirGenix has two cGMP facilities certified by the Taiwan Food and Drug Administration (TFDA), one for mammalian cells and one for microbial, to provide clinical trial drug production.
- (2) The shares of the Company have been listed on the Taipei Exchange since June 28, 2019.
- 2. The Date of Authorisation for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorisation

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 10, 2023.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	January 1, 2022
before intended use' Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
Amondments to IEDS 16. (I cose liability in a cale and leasehook?	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and

the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

(e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownersl	hip (%)
Name of	Name of		December 31,	December 31,
investor	subsidiary	Main business activities	2022	2021
The Company	EirGenix	Biopharmaceutical	100	100
	Europe	research and development		
	GmbH	as well as business		
		development		

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will

flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads. It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(14) Property, plant and equipment

A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.

- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Machinery and equipment	2 ~ 10 years
Office equipment	2 ~ 10 years
Buildings and structures	5 ~ 20 years
Leasehold improvements	3 ~ 20 years
Other equipment	3 ~ 10 years

(15) Leasing arrangements (lessee)—right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the following:
 - (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
 - (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(16) <u>Intangible assets</u>

The Group's accounting policies on intangible assets are summarised below:

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1 to 5 years.

B. Professional expertise

Professional expertise is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 2 to 10 years.

(17) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(18) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is amortised over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the

loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

(19) Accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.
- B. The short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(20) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options and put options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

(21) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(22) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the amounts resolved by the shareholders and the actual amounts subsequently distributed is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(23) Employee share-based payment

A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

B. Restricted stocks:

- (a) Restricted stocks issued to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period.
- (b) The restricted stocks issued by the Group cannot be transferred during the vesting period, but voting right and dividend right are not restricted on these stocks. Employees are not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period.

(c) For restricted stocks where employees do not need to pay to acquire those stocks, if employees resign during the vesting period, they are considered not meeting the vesting condition from the date of resignation and the Group will redeem and retire those stocks at the initial issuance price.

(24) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

(25) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(26) Revenue recognition

A. Service revenue

- (a) The Group provides biopharmaceutical contract testing and development services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the actual cost relative to the total expected cost. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.
- (b) The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

B. Sales revenue

The Group sells self-developed products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

C. Authorisation and cooperative development revenue

(a) The Group's authorisation and cooperative development transactions mainly arise from authorising intellectual property rights of pharmaceutical products to pharmaceutical factories. Although the Group will continuously provide research and development services on the pharmaceutical products, pharmaceutical factories can access the research and development outcome at any time. Based on the Group's assessment, the Group uses its special technologies in manufacturing pharmaceutical cell lines, which are unique so that pharmaceutical factories would have difficulty finding another similar service provider who offers the same services in terms of the subsequent research and development on the authorised pharmaceutical products. The authorisation and subsequent research and development services provided by the Group are bonded and highly interrelated, which does not meet the criteria of being distinct, and hence are accounted for as a single performance obligation to be delivered over time.

Pharmaceutical factories pay a non-refundable up-front payment upon signing of the contracts, and make milestone payments upon each milestone achieved. The transaction prices, net of variable considerations that are not highly probable to be realised, are recognised as revenue based on the progress of performance obligations that are satisfied over time. The aforementioned stage of completion is determined based on the ratio of the actual research and development costs incurred at the end of the reporting period to the estimated total research and development costs for the authorisation contracts. The Group uses input method to measure progress towards the satisfaction of a performance obligation as there is a direct relationship between the transfer of control of services to customers and the Group's inputs, including costs of contract research and development services, contract manufacturing services and medicines. Revenue is only recognised when it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised. A contract liability recognised as revenue through the performance obligation is satisfied over time.

(b) The Group also entered into contracts with pharmaceutical factories, whereby the Group is entitled to a sales-based royalty in exchange for a license of manufacturing and the right to sell pharmaceutical products. In accordance with the contracts, the Group will not undertake any activities that will significantly affect the intellectual property to which the customer has rights. The Group recognises revenue at the later of when the performance obligation has been satisfied and the subsequent transfer of control or sale occurs.

(27) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(28) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such

assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment on property, plant and equipment

- (a) The Group assesses impairment based on its internal and external information and industry characteristics and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilised and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.
- (b) As of December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment was \$2,608,848.
- B. Recognition of service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue
 - (a) Service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue are recognised based on the stage of completion. The Group sets the key assumption factors for estimating total future cost based on the past operating experience, and regularly reviews and assesses the reasonableness of the basis for relevant assumptions.
 - (b) For the year ended December 31, 2022, the service revenue and authorisation and cooperative development revenue amounted to \$757,680 and \$261,876 respectively.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	61	\$	51	
Demand deposits		756,773		5,428,713	
Time deposits		5,370,051		1,196,620	
	\$	6,126,885	\$	6,625,384	

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Company classified restricted cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$0 and \$27,334 as other current financial assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Please refer to Note 8.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Decem	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value through						
profit or loss						
Call options and Put options of convertible bonds	\$	-	\$	362		
Valuation adjustment				529		
	\$	_	\$	891		
Non-current items:		_				
Financial assets mandatorily measured						
at fair value through profit or loss						
Profit-sharing investment in new drug development	\$	58,390	\$	-		
Valuation adjustment		3,030				
	\$	61,420	\$	_		

- A. The Group recognised net gains amounting to \$2,863 and \$1,937 on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- B. On April 18, 2022, the Group entered into a new drug development profit-sharing agreement for TSY-0110 (EG12043) (the "Product") with FORMOSA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. to replace the original development and manufacturing related cooperation agreement. Raw materials for the product development stage were provided by the Group at a reasonable market price, and FORMOSA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. was responsible for the research and development of the product, and the implementation of the product in and manufacturing of the product after completing the development of the product Either party may commercialize the product in the global market, and each party is entitled to receive 50% licensing interest in any future revenue or interest derived from the development and commercialization of the product. Under the agreement, the Group paid a consideration amounting to US\$30,000 thousand for the licensing interest, which will be paid in accordance with the agreement and the development schedule. As of December 31, 2022, the Group has paid US\$2,000 thousand.
- C. Details of the terms of the first domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Group are provided in Note 6(12).

(3) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Dece	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Current items:					
Time deposits (Note)	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,636,640	
Non-current items:					
Government bonds	\$	32,452	\$	-	
Pledged time deposits		8,671		8,588	
	\$	41,123	\$	8,588	

Note: The deposit period for time deposits ranges between three months and a year.

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	 Year ended December 31					
	 2022		2021			
Interest income	\$ 1,722	\$		1,260		

- B. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- C. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits and government bonds are financial institutions and governments with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

	Decen	nber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Notes receivable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,139	
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$	33,079	\$	79,163	
	(297) (<u> </u>	689)	
	\$	32,782	\$	78,474	

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

		December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021			
	Notes	receivable	Account	s receivable	Note	s receivable	Accou	nts receivable
Not past due	\$	32,782	\$	-	\$	72,291	\$	1,139
Up to 30 days past due		-		-		2,454		-
31 to 90 days past due		-		-		-		-
91 to 180 days past due		-		-		4,418		-
Over 181 days past due		297						
	\$	33,079	\$	_	\$	79,163	\$	1,139

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. Also, as of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$93,584.
- C. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the interest income is recognised in profit or loss of \$ 0 and \$342, respectively.
- D. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the notes and accounts receivable (including related parties) held by the Group was \$32,782 and \$80,159, respectively.
- E. The Group did not hold any collateral.
- F. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) <u>Inventories</u>

D 1	$^{\circ}$	$\alpha \alpha \alpha \alpha$
December	- 1 I	7(1)
December	91,	2022

	December 51, 2022						
		Cost		Allowance for valuation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	377,424	(\$	18,327)	\$	359,097	
Work in progress		281,739		-		281,739	
Finished goods		98,150		-		98,150	
Merchandise inventory		477		<u>-</u>		477	
	\$	757,790	(\$_	18,327)	\$	739,463	
	December 31, 2021						
				Allowance for			
	Cost		valuation loss			Book value	
Raw materials	\$	338,034	(\$	17,315)	\$	320,719	
Work in progress		52,374		-		52,374	
Finished goods		37,569		-		37,569	
Merchandise inventory		3,050		<u>-</u>		3,050	
	\$	431,027	(\$	17,315)	\$	413,712	

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Cost of goods used	\$	199,628	\$	143,605	
Cost of goods sold		138,672		38,422	
Loss on decline in market value		1,012		6,878	
Loss (gain) on physical inventory		34	(90)	
	\$	339,346	\$	188,815	

(6) Prepayments

	De	cember 31, 2022	 December 31, 2021
Office supplies	\$	9,009	\$ 12,935
Prepayments for contracted research expense		11,310	12,972
Excess business tax paid (or Net Input VAT)		6,267	2,142
Prepayments to suppliers		50,100	48,871
Prepayment for guarantee deposits and handling fee		433	1,606
Other prepaid expenses		46,323	 27,522
	\$	123,442	\$ 106,048

(7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Decer	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Non-current items:					
Equity instruments					
Unlisted stocks	\$	214,403	\$	5,776	
Valuation adjustment		64,922		5,831	
	\$	279,325	\$	11,607	

- A. The Group has elected to classify shares that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$279,325 and \$11,607 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- B. The Group acquired equity instruments amounting to \$208,627 for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	 Year ended December 31					
	 2022			2021		
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Fair value change recognised						
in other comprehensive income	\$	59,091	\$		5,651	

(8) Property, plant and equipment

At January 1 Cost Accumulated depreciation		chinery and quipment 813,793 239,109) 574,684	\$ (Office equipment 68,349 24,341) 44,008	\$ (uildings and structures 1,295,911 164,219) 1,131,692		Leasehold provements 24,495 8,974) 15,521	\$ (Other equipment 26,524 8,870) 17,654	equi	Unfinished struction and pment under cceptance 103,265 103,265	\$ (Total 2,332,337 445,513) 1,886,824	busin (sho	ayments for ess facilities wn as other n-current ets, others) 65,456
Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Reclassifications Transfers from other non-	\$	574,684 92,578 7,701 69,453	\$	44,008 8,863 - 862	\$	1,131,692 76,679 61,890	\$	15,521 21,101 -	\$	17,654 6,516 - 405		103,265 278,775 69,591) 330,415	\$	1,886,824 484,512 - 401,135		65,456 433,952 - 401,135)
current assets Depreciation charge	(80,909)	(8,566)	(64,844)	(3,168)	(4,438)		-	(161,925)	`	-
Reclassified to inventories	(1,726)		-		-		-		_		-	(1,726)		-
Net exchange differences Closing net book amount				28			_							28		<u>-</u>
as at December 31	\$	661,781	\$	45,195	\$	1,205,417	\$	33,454	\$	20,137	\$	642,864	\$	2,608,848	\$	98,273
At December 31 Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ (<u> </u>	978,923 317,142)	\$ (<u></u>	75,921 30,726)		1,434,479 229,062)	\$ (<u> </u>	45,596 12,142)	\$ (<u> </u>	32,925 12,788)	\$	642,864	\$ (<u></u>	3,210,708 601,860)	\$	98,273
	\$	661,781	\$	45,195	\$	1,205,417	\$	33,454	\$	20,137	\$	642,864	\$	2,608,848	\$	98,273

		Machinery and Office equipment equipment			Buildings and structures			Leasehold improvements		Other equipment	Unfinished construction and equipment under acceptance			Total	busi (she n	payments for ness facilities own as other on-current sets, others)
At January 1	ф	700 (50	Φ	64.610	Ф	1 200 277	Ф	22.262	Φ	22.460	Ф	20.246	Ф	2 152 625	Ф	12.062
Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ (723,658 168,970)	\$ (64,612 17,710)	\$	1,290,377 102,463)	\$ (23,263 6,340)	\$	22,469 5,292)	\$	28,246	\$ (2,152,625 300,775)	\$	12,063
Accumulated depreciation	\$	554,688	\$	46,902	\$	1,187,914	\$	16,923	\$	17,177	\$	28,246	\$	1,851,850	\$	12,063
Opening net book amount																
as at January 1	\$	554,688	\$	46,902	\$	1,187,914	\$	16,923	\$	17,177	\$	28,246	\$	1,851,850	\$	12,063
Additions		86,102		4,647		2,685		1,232		4,089		71,716		170,471		64,154
Reclassifications		2,423		-		2,547		-		-	(4,970)		-		-
Transfers from other non- current assets		2,186		-		302		-		-		8,273		10,761	(10,761)
Depreciation charge	(70,715)	(7,500)	(61,756)	(2,634)	(3,612)		-	(146,217)		_
Net exchange differences		<u>-</u>	(41)				-	_				(41)		<u> </u>
Closing net book amount																
as at December 31	\$	574,684	\$	44,008	\$	1,131,692	\$	15,521	\$	17,654	\$	103,265	\$	1,886,824	\$	65,456
At December 31																
Cost	\$	813,793	\$,	\$	1,295,911	\$	24,495	\$	26,524	\$	103,265	\$	2,332,337	\$	65,456
Accumulated depreciation	(239,109)	(24,341)	(164,219)	(8,974)	(8,870)			(445,513)		<u>-</u>
	\$	574,684	\$	44,008	\$	1,131,692	\$	15,521	\$	17,654	\$	103,265	\$	1,886,824	\$	65,456

Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(9) <u>Leasing arrangements - lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, multifunction printers and business vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 20 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise certain offices, dormitories, business vehicles and warehouses. Low-value assets comprise multifunction printers.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021
	Car	rying amount	Carrying amount	
Land	\$	202,394	\$	174,445
Buildings		84,031		80,988
Machinery and equipment		35,305		37,359
Transportation equipment		2,584		4,223
(Business vehicles)				
Office equipment (Multifunction printers)		1,016		724
r	\$	325,330	\$	297,739
	Year en	ded December 31	Year end	led December 31
		2022		2021
	Depre	ciation expense	Depred	ciation expense
Land	\$	14,543	\$	11,560
Buildings		8,288		7,066
Machinery and equipment		2,310		2,299
Transportation equipment (Business vehicles)		1,640		1,188
Office equipment (Multifunction printers)		396		362
	\$	27,177	\$	22,475

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$54,767 and \$3,722, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Year ended December 31			
		2022		2021
Items affecting profit or loss				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	8,208	\$	7,756
Expense on short-term lease contracts		13,877		8,476
Expense on leases of low-value assets		376		364
Loss on lease modification		709		-

F. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$46,896 and \$36,166, respectively.

(10) Intangible assets

	2022					
		Software	Pro	ofessional expertise		Total
At January 1						
Cost	\$	21,153	\$	107,953	\$	129,106
Accumulated amortisation	(16,438)	(93,115)	(109,553)
	\$	4,715	\$	14,838	\$	19,553
Opening net book amount as						
at January 1	\$	4,715	\$	14,838	\$	19,553
Additions		8,652		-		8,652
Transfers (Note)		16,046		-		16,046
Amortisation charge	(5,240)	(10,944)	(16,184)
Closing net book amount as						
at December 31	<u>\$</u>	24,173	<u>\$</u>	3,894	\$	28,067
At December 31						
Cost	\$	45,851	\$	107,953	\$	153,804
Accumulated amortisation	(21,678)	(104,059)	(125,737)
	\$	24,173	\$	3,894	\$	28,067

Note: Transfers pertain to assets transferred from prepaid intangible assets (shown as "other non-current assets, others).

	2021					
	S	Software	Profes	sional expertise		Total
At January 1						_
Cost	\$	18,713	\$	107,674	\$	126,387
Accumulated amortisation	(11,136)	(82,122)	(93,258)
	\$	7,577	\$	25,552	\$	33,129
Opening net book amount as						
at January 1	\$	7,577	\$	25,552	\$	33,129
Additions		2,738		279		3,017
Amortisation charge	(5,311)	(10,993)	(16,304)
Reclassification	(281)		-	(281)
Transfers from other non-current assets	(8)			(8)
Closing net book amount as at December 31	\$	4,715	\$	14,838	\$	19,553
at December 31	Ψ	1,713	Ψ	11,030	Ψ	17,333
At December 31						
Cost	\$	21,153	\$	107,953	\$	129,106
Accumulated amortisation	(16,438)	(93,115)	(109,553)
	\$	4,715	\$	14,838	\$	19,553

2021

A. Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Operating costs	\$	10,456	\$	9,271	
Administrative expenses		1,005		1,242	
Research and development expenses		4,705		5,791	
Selling expenses		18			
	\$	16,184	\$	16,304	

- B. The basic information of the professional expertise that is material to the Group is as follows:
 - (a) In April 2013, the Group acquired professional expertise, including cell line establishment, process development, process optimisation, analytical method development and validation, product qualification, GMP manufacturing and stability test, etc., amounting to \$92,483 from the Development Center for Biotechnology cGMP biopharmaceutical pilot plant facility.
 - (b) In July 2013, the Group acquired professional expertise of Herceptin from FORMOSA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. amounting to \$7,143.
 - (c) In July 2013, the Group acquired commercial authorisation of recombinant protein cell line from Life Technologies Corporation amounting to \$7,485.

(11) Other payables

	Decen	nber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021
Payable on equipment	\$	158,228	\$	19,508
Salary and bonus payable		95,239		74,938
Service expense payable		52,083		60,620
Payable on consumables		25,012		25,831
Payable on repairs and maintenance expense		19,732		17,136
Others		57,093	-	36,683
	\$	407,387	\$	234,716
2) <u>Bonds payable</u>				
	Decen	nber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021

(12)

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Bonds payable	\$	- \$	129,100
Less: Discount on bonds payable		(_	2,030)
		-	127,070
Less: Current portion		_ (_	127,070)
	\$	<u>-</u> \$	

- A. The terms of the 1st domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:
 - (a) The Company issued \$300,000, 0% 1st domestic secured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (May 29, 2020) ~ May 29, 2023), will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date and are guaranteed by Taichung Commercial Bank, Linkou Branch. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on May 29, 2020.
 - (b) The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to the maturity date, except the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
 - (c) The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model specified in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model specified in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted. The conversion price was reset at NTD 51.7 (in dollars) effective November 30, 2021.

- (d) The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 100% of the face value as interests (yields 0% per annum) upon two years from the issue date.
- (e) The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company's common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date, or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date.
- (f) Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$8,056 were separated from the liability component and were recognised in 'capital surplus share options' in accordance with IAS 32. The call options and put options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognised in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 0.82%.
- C. As of December 31, 2022, the bonds totaling \$299,800 (face value) had been converted into 5,589 thousand shares of common stock, and the bonds were repurchased at face value amounting to \$200.

(13) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	Decem	ber 31, 2022
Long-term bank borrowings	S				
Credit borrowing	Borrowing period is from February 15, 2022 to February 15, 2027; interest is payable monthly; principal is payable on the 15th of every month from March 2025	1.3500%~ 1.8250%	None	\$	39,560
n	Borrowing period is from June 30, 2022 to February 15, 2027; interest is payable monthly; principal is payable on the 15th of every month from March 2025.	1.4750%~ 1.8250%	"		80,900
				\$	120,460

- A. Information on the Group's undrawn borrowing facilities is provided in Note 12(2) C.
- B. On May 6, 2020, the Company entered into a \$1,050,000 syndicated loan agreement with 6 banks including Taiwan Business Bank to ensure it has sufficient cash to support its research and development expenditures through drawing the credit limit of \$281,800 circularly, upon repaying the existing syndicated loan and purchasing the new machinery and equipment as

- well as auxiliary equipment. Subsequently, the Company settled the long-term borrowings in advance in December 2021.
- C. On December 23, 2021, the Company entered into a \$714,000 syndicated loan agreement with Hua Nan Commercial Bank Ltd. and the government will subsidize 0.5% handling fee of the bank for the Company's compliance with the "Action Plan for Accelerated Investment by Domestic Corporations".
- D. Information about assets pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings is provided in Note 8.

(14) Pensions

- A. The Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount not lower than 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. EirGenix Europe GmbH contributed pension under local regulations.
- C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were \$18,290 and \$13,264, respectively.

(15) Share based payment

A. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Quantity granted

Type of		(shares in		
arrangement	Grant date	thousands)	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock	2015. 07. 01	1,270	10 years	1 to 4 years'
ontions - B				service
"	2015. 07. 01	130	"	"
"	2015. 07. 06	250	"	"
"	2015. 10. 29	80	"	"
"	2016. 01. 01	270	"	"
Employee stock	2016. 05. 05	100	10 years	2 to 4 years'
options - C				service
Employee stock	2016. 10. 12	515	10 years	2 to 4 years'
options - D	2015 12 20	0.7	"	service
	2016. 12. 29	85		
Employee stock	2017. 08. 08	395	10 years	2 to 4 years'
options - E				service
"	2017. 12. 27	570	"	"
"	2018. 03. 23	175	"	"
Employee stock	2019. 01. 25	520	10 years	2 to 4 years'
soptions - F		-0-		service
	2019. 05. 13	285	"	
Restricted stocks	2016. 11. 18	1,660	N/A	Conditions of
to employees - A				service years and
"	2017 00 00	257	"	performance "
	2017. 08. 08	257		
Employee stock	2019. 11. 12	960	10 years	2 to 4 years'
options - G	2020 04 15	77.5	"	service
"	2020. 04. 15	775	"	"
	2020. 08. 12	205		
Restricted stocks	2020. 05. 13	455	N/A	0.25 to 3 years'
to employees - B				service
"	2020. 12. 10	144	"	"
Restricted stocks	2020. 08. 14	905	N/A	Performance
to employees - D				conditions
"	2020. 12. 10	94	"	"
Employee stock	2020. 12. 23	830	10 years	2 to 4 years'
options - H				service
"	2021. 05. 12	315	"	"
"	2021. 08. 12	505	"	"
"	2021. 10. 01	1,185	"	"

		Qualitity granted		
Type of		(shares in		
arrangement	Grant date	thousands)	Contract period	Vesting conditions
	_			
Cash capital increase reserved for employee preemption	2021. 04. 06	3,211	N/A	Vested immediately
Restricted stocks to employees - E	2021. 10. 15	613	N/A	Performance conditions
"	2022. 01. 10	184	"	"
11	2022. 09. 08	190	"	"
Restricted stocks to employees - F	2021. 10. 15	340	N/A	Performance conditions
Employee stock options - I	2022. 03. 22	160	10 years	2 to 4 years' service
"	2022. 05. 12	225	"	"
"	2022. 08. 11	685	"	"
"	2022. 09. 08	510	"	"
11	2022. 11. 08	615	"	"
Restricted stocks	2022. 09. 08	63	N/A	Performance conditions
to employees - G	2022. 11. 08	195	"	conditions "

Ouantity granted

- (a) The restricted stocks issued by the Group cannot be transferred during the vesting period, but voting right and dividend right are not restricted on these stocks. If employees resign during the vesting period, they are considered not meeting the vesting condition from the date of resignation and the Group will redeem and retire those stocks at the initial issuance price, but employees are not required to return the dividends received.
- (b) The abovementioned share-based payment arrangements are equity-settled.
- B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:
 - (a) Employee stock options

		2022			2021		
	N	o. of	Weighted-		No. of	Weighted-	
	op	tions	average		options	average	
	(sha	ares in	exercise price		(shares in	exercise price	
	thou	sands)	(in dollars)	t	housands)	(in dollars)	
Options outstanding at January 1		5,282	\$15~146.4		4,210	\$15~57.8	
Options granted		2,195	71.6~118.5		2,005	124~154.5	
Options forfeited	(759)	25.2~146.4	(546)	15~135.5	
Options exercised	(1,052)	15~51.2	(_	387)	15~39.6	
Options outstanding at December 31		5,666	15~146.4	_	5,282	15~146.4	
Options exercisable at December 31		1,238		_	1,503		

(b) Restricted stocks to employees

		2022	2021
		(shares in thousands)	(shares in thousands)
Stocks outstanding at January 1		2,869	2,629
Stocks granted		632	953
Stocks vested	(704) (287)
Stocks retired	(226) (426)
Stocks outstanding at December 31	_	2,571	2,869

- C. The weighted-average stock prices of stock options at exercise dates for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$99.8 (in dollars) and \$132.5 (in dollars), respectively.
- D. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at the balance sheet dates are as follows:

			December	31, 2022	December	31, 2021
				Exercise		Exercise
			No. of shares	price	No. of shares	price
Type of	Issue date		(shares in		(shares in	
arrangement	approved	Expiry date	thousands)	(in dollars)	thousands)	(in dollars)
Employee	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2025. 06. 30	140	\$ 15	208	\$ 15
stock				,		
options - B						
"	2015 07 01	2025. 06. 30	20	20	20	20
"		2025. 07. 05	25	20	67	20
"	2015.10. 29		-	20	7	20
"		2025. 12. 31	25	20	29	20
Employee		2026. 05. 04	10	29.2	35	29.2
stock				_, _		_,
options - C						
Employee	2016 10 12	2026. 10. 11	180	29.2	280	29.2
stock	2010. 10. 12	2020. 10. 11	100	27.2	200	27.2
options - D						
options D	2016 12 20	2026. 12. 28	1.5	27.5	22	37.5
		2026. 12. 28 2027. 08. 07	15 18	37.5 29.2	22 137	37.3 29.2
Employee stock	2017. 08. 08	2027. 08. 07	10	29.2	137	29.2
options - E						
•						
"		2027. 12. 26	112	25	246	25
"		2028. 03. 22	52	23.5	81	23.5
Employee	2019. 01. 25	2029. 01. 24	103	28.7	182	28.7
stock						
options - F						
"	2019. 05. 13	2029. 05. 12	141	34.3	203	34.3
Employee	2019. 11. 12	2029. 11. 11	325	25.2	545	25.2
stock						
options - G						
"	2020. 04. 15	2030. 04. 14	175	28.8	450	28.8
"	2020. 08. 12	2030. 08. 11	140	51.2	170	51.2
Employee	2020. 12. 23	2030. 12. 22	515	42.1	700	42.1
stock						
options - H						
"		2031. 05. 11	235	146.4	315	146.4
"		2031. 08. 11	305	128.4	485	128.4
"	2021. 10. 01	2031. 09. 30	990	117.5	1,100	117.5

			December	31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
				Exercise		Exercise
			No. of shares	price	No. of shares	price
Type of	Issue date		(shares in		(shares in	
arrangement	approved	Expiry date	thousands)	(in dollars)	thousands)	(in dollars)
Employee stock	2022 .03. 22	2032. 03. 21	145	\$ 93.5	-	\$ -
options - I						
"	2022. 05. 12	2032. 05. 11	225	71.6	-	-
"	2022. 08. 11	2032. 08. 10	645	85.9	-	-
"	2022. 09. 08	2032. 09. 07	510	118.5	-	-
"	2022. 11. 08	2032. 11. 07	615	103.5	-	-

C. The fair value of stock options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to estimate the fair value of employee stock options, cash capital increase reserved for employee preemption and restricted stocks to employees. Relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted (shares in thousands)	Stock price (in dollars)	Exercise price (in dollars)	Expected price volatility	Expected option	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value per unit (in dollars)
	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Employee stock options - B	2015. 07. 01	1,270	\$ 14.88	\$ 15	36.58~ 37.13%	5.5 ~ 7 years	1.15~ 1.35%	\$5.22 ~ 6.01
- D	2015. 07. 01	130	14.88	20	36.58~	55 7	1.15~	3.83~
	2015. 07. 01	130	14.88	20	30.38~ 37.13%	5.5 ~ 7	1.15~	3.83~ 4.69
"	2015. 07. 06	250	14.60	20	37.13% 37.09~	years 5.5 ~ 7	1.35%	3.75~
					37.64%	years	1.35%	4.6
"	2015. 10. 29	80	15.83	20	38.62~	5.5 ~ 7	0.94~	4.62 ~
					38.95%	years	1.07%	5.48
"	2016. 01. 01	270	16.03	20	40.11~	5.5 ~ 7	0.79~	4.91~
					40.30%	years	0.90%	5.76
Employee	2016. 05. 05	100	13.27	29.2	40.75~	6 ~ 7 years	0.70~	1.86 ~
stock options - C					40.91%		0.77%	2.30
Employee	2016. 10. 12	515	21.42	29.2	39.82~	6 ~ 7 years	0.71~	5.19~
stock options - D					39.91%	•	0.75%	5.93
"	2016. 12. 29	85	20.4	37.5	39.39~	6 ~ 7 years	1.16~	3.49~
					39.48%	·	1.20%	4.18

		Quantity granted		Exercise	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	Fair value per
Type of arrangement	Grant date	(shares in thousands)	Stock price (in dollars)	price (in dollars)	price volatility	option life	interest rate	unit (in dollars)
Employee stock options - E	2017. 08. 08	395	\$ 18.75	\$ 29.2	38.13~ 38.22%	6 ~ 7 years	0.82~ 0.88%	\$3.64~ 4.23
- L	2017. 12. 27	570	18.07	25	36.97~ 37.23%	6 ~ 7 years	0.74~ 0.80%	3.81~ 4.41
"	2018. 03. 23	175	19.16	23.5	36.87~ 37.17%	6 ~ 7 years	0.79~ 0.84%	4.71 ~ 5.38
Employee stock options - F	2019. 01. 25	520	21.96	28.7	36.03~ 36.90%	6 ~ 7 years	0.72~ 0.78%	4.85~ 5.74
- r	2019. 05. 13	285	25.75	34.3	35.50%~ 36.35%	6 ~ 7 years	0.64~ 0.67%	5.39 ~ 6.40
Restricted stocks to employees - A	2016. 11. 18	1,660	22.88	-	-	-	-	22.88
"	2017. 08. 08	257	19.61	-	-	_	-	19.61
Employee stock options - G	2019. 11. 12	960	29.05	25.2	26.38%	6 ~ 7 years	0.63~ 0.66%	7.77 ~ 8.42
"	2020. 04. 15	775	33.1	28.8	50.33%	6 ~ 7 years	0.47~ 0.49%	15.56 ~
"	2020. 08. 12	205	57.8	51.2	64.08%	6 ~ 7 years	0.49% 0.36~ 0.38%	16.65 33.07 ~ 35.18
Restricted stocks to employees - B	2020. 05. 13	455	46.85	-	-	-	-	46.85
"	2020.12. 10	144	48.6	-	-	-	-	48.6
Restricted stocks to employees - D	2020. 08. 14	905	55.7	-	-	-	-	55.7
- D	2020.12. 10	94	48.6	-	-	-	-	48.6
Employee stock options - H	2020. 12. 23	830	47.55	42.1	61.28%	6 ~ 7 years	0.22~ 0.26%	26.15~ 27.88
"	2021.05. 12	315	154.5	146.4	65.02%	6 ~ 7 years	0.31~ 0.35%	89.32~ 95.02
"	2021.08. 12	505	135.5	128.4	67.02%	6 ~ 7 years	0.35% 0.32~ 0.34%	80.24~ 85.25
"	2021.10. 01	1,185	124.0	117.5	65.78%	6 ~ 7 years	0.34~	72.39~
Cash capital increase reserved for employee preemption	2021. 04. 06	3,211	117.5	91.5	71.79%	0.1 year	0.38% 0.13%	76.99 27.51

		Quantity						
Type of		granted (shares in	Stock price	Exercise price	Expected price	Expected option	Risk-free interest	Fair value per unit (in
	Count data	•	_	•	•	life		,
arrangement	Grant date	thousands)	(in dollars)	(in dollars)	volatility		rate	dollars)
Restricted	2021. 10. 15	613	\$ 106.5	5 \$ -	-	_	-	\$106.5
stocks to								
employees								
- E								
"	2022.01.10	184			-	-	-	108.5
"	2022.09.08	190			-	-	-	118.5
Restricted	2021. 10. 15	340	106.3	-	-	-	-	106.5
stocks to								
employees - F								
- F Restricted	2022.03.22	160	93.5	93.5	62.20%	6 ~ 7 years	0.86~	52.85~
stocks to	2022.03.22	100	73))3.3	02.2070	o v / years	0.87%	56.27
employees							0.0770	30.27
- I								
"	2022.05.12	225	71.0	71.6	61.32%	$6 \sim 7 \text{ years}$	1.22~	40.37~
"	2022 00 11	-0 -	0.7		50.0404		1.27%	43.04
"	2022.08.11	685	85.9	85.9	60.04%	$6 \sim 7 \text{ years}$	1.10~	47.51~
"	2022 00 00	510	110	110.5	co 200/	6 7	1.14%	50.67
	2022.09.08	510	118.	5 118.5	60.29%	6 ~ 7 years	1.19~ 1.23%	65.9~ 70.28
"	2022.11.08	615	103.	5 103.5	60.00%	6 ~ 7 years	1.23%	70.28 57.97~
	2022.11.00	013	103.,	103.3	00.0070	0 % / years	1.70%	61.88
Restricted	2022.09.08	63	118.:	5 -	_	_	-	118.5
stocks to	2022.03.00	0.0	110.					110.0
employees								
- G								
"	2022.11.08	195	103.	5 -	-	-	-	103.5

D. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Year ended December 31					
		2022		2021		
Cash capital increase reserved						
for employee preemption	\$	-	\$	88,335		
Employee stock options		62,522		29,935		
Restricted stocks to employees		92,790	-	35,400		
	\$	155,312	\$	153,670		

(16) Share capital

A. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$4,000,000, consisting of 400,000 thousand shares of ordinary share (including 12 million shares reserved for employee stock options, preferred shares with warrants or convertible bonds issued by the Company), and the paid-in capital was \$3,043,358 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share, consisting of 304,336 thousand shares. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (unit: shares in thousands):

	2022	2021
At January 1	300,385	206,375
Cash capital increase	-	90,000
Employee stock options exercised	1,052	387
Issuance of employee restricted stock	632	953
Employee restricted stock -		
redeemed (226)	(426)
Conversions of convertible bonds	2,493	3,096
At December 31	\$ 304,336	\$ 300,385

- B. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company issued 1,052 thousand and 387 thousand ordinary shares related to the exercise of employee share options in accordance with the employee share options plan with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share, totalling \$10,523 and \$3,865, respectively.
- C. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to repurchase and retire the employee restricted stocks because employee restricted stocks distributed to certain employees amounting to 226 thousand shares and 426 thousand shares did not meet the vesting conditions in accordance with the terms of restricted shares.
- D. On December 23, 2020, the Board of Directors resolved to increase capital by issuing 35,000 thousand ordinary shares, and resolved the issuance price of \$91.5 (in dollars) per share and totalling \$3,202,500 on April 6, 2021. The effective date was set on May 11, 2021. The registration was completed on June 15, 2021.
- E. The shareholders during their meeting on August 3, 2021, resolved to issue the 1st and 2nd restricted stocks to employees amounting to 1,000 thousand and 340 thousand shares with no subscription price, respectively. On October 1, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue the 1st and 2nd restricted stocks to employees amounting to 613 thousand and 340 thousand shares in 2021, respectively, with the effective date set on October 15, 2021. On December 23, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue the 1st restricted stocks to employees amounting to 184 thousand shares in 2021, with the effective date set on January 10, 2022. On September 8, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue the 1st restricted stocks to employees amounting to 190 thousand shares in 2021, with the effective date set on September 8, 2022.
- F. The shareholders during their stockholders' meeting on August 3, 2021 resolved to issue 55,000 thousand ordinary shares through the private placement with par value of \$91.5 (in dollars) and the total consideration of issuing common stock was \$5,032,500, and the

effective date was set on October 15, 2021. The registration has been completed on December 13, 2021. Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act, the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are subject to certain transfer restrictions and cannot be listed on the stock exchange until three years after they have been issued and have been offered publicly. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are the same as other issued ordinary shares.

- G. The shareholders during their meeting on June 10, 2022, resolved to issue the 1st restricted stocks to employees amounting to 850 thousand shares with no subscription price. On September 8, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue the 1st restricted stocks to employees amounting to 63 thousand shares in 2022 with the effective date set on September 8, 2022. On November 8, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue the 1st restricted stocks to employees amounting to 195 thousand shares in 2022 with the effective date set on November 8, 2022.
- H. The shareholders during their meeting on June 10, 2022, adopted a resolution to raise cash capital through private placement. The maximum number of shares to be issued through the private placement is 30,000 thousand shares and the private placement may be made in three installments as authorised by the shareholders during their meeting. The private placement was in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act and the Directions for Public Companies Conducting Private Placements of Securities. The Company's Board of Directors resolved not to execute the private placement on March 10, 2023.

(17) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(18) Accumulated deficit

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. After the provision or reversal of special reserve in accordance with laws or regulations, the appropriation of the remaining earnings along with the unappropriated earnings of prior years shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved at shareholders' meetings.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarised below: The Board of Directors would

consider the earnings situation of current year, capital and financial structure, future operating needs, retained earnings and legal reserve, as well as the market competition to propose the appropriation of earnings to the shareholders during their meetings for resolution, and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed.

- C. The shareholders at their meeting on August 3, 2021 have resolved not to distributed earnings as the Company incurred operating loss. Please refer to the website of "Market Observation Post System" for information about earnings appropriation to offset deficit which was proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved at the shareholders' meeting.
- D. On June 10, 2022, the shareholders at their meetings resolved the deficit compensation for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Company offset the accumulated deficit by capital surplus. Please refer to the website of "Market Observation Post System" for information about earnings appropriation to offset deficit as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders.
- E. On March 10, 2023, the Board of Directors proposed the deficit compensation for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Company offset the accumulated deficit against the capital surplus. Refer to the website of "Market Observation Post System" for information about earnings appropriation to offset deficit as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders.
- F. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no earnings to be distributed.

(19) Operating revenue

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Revenue from contracts with					
customers	\$	1,481,017	\$	1,697,359	

A. Disaggregation of revenue

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of services, authorisation and goods over time and at a point in time in the following major categories:

			Year	ended Dece	mber	31, 2022	
			auth	Sales of norisation ooperative			
	Sales of serv	rices	dev	elopment	Sale	es of goods	 Total
Timing of revenue recognition							
At a point in time	\$	-	\$	-	\$	417,774	\$ 417,774
Over time	757	,680		261,876		43,687	 1,063,243
	\$ 757	,680	\$	261,876	\$	461,461	\$ 1,481,017
			Year	ended Dece	mber	31, 2021	
			S auth	ended Dece Sales of norisation ooperative	mber	31, 2021	
	Sales of serv	vices	auth and c	Sales of norisation		31, 2021 es of goods	Total
Timing of revenue recognition	Sales of serv	vices_	auth and c	Sales of norisation ooperative			 Total
•	Sales of serv	vices	auth and c	Sales of norisation ooperative			\$ Total 274,087
recognition	\$	vices - ,515	auth and c dev	Sales of norisation ooperative	Sale	es of goods	\$

B. Contract assets and liabilities

(a) The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	Janu	ary 1, 2021
Contract assets:						
Services	\$	234,399	\$	170,597	\$	133,038
Current contract liabilities						
Services	\$	104,384	\$	102,289	\$	56,201
Authorisation and cooperative		46,091		121,678		153,369
Non-current contract liabiliti	es					
Authorisation and cooperative				20,059		64,232
	\$	150,475	\$	244,026	\$	273,802

(b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year

Services

Authorisation and cooperative development

 Year ended December 31							
 2022		2021					
\$ 92,362	\$	55,949					
101,380		126,778					
\$ 193,742	\$	182,727					

(c) Unfulfilled long-term contracts

Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to long-term technology service contracts, authorisation and cooperative development contracts that are partially or fully unsatisfied, and all of the milestone payment as at December 31, 2022 amounted to \$2,119,033. The management expects to recognise the amount in the future.

C. Details on authorisation and cooperative development revenue arising from providing drug development, commercialization service and authorising intellectual property rights of pharmaceutical products to the pharmaceutical factory are as follows:

In April 2019, the Group entered into an authorisation and cooperative development contract of EG12014 with Sandoz AG. The contract includes up-front payment, milestone payment at each stage and profit-sharing royalty on sales of products in the authorised markets in proportion to the ratios specified in the contract. The contract is mainly for providing the biosimilars development and commercialisation services and authorising intellectual property rights to the customer in regions other than Taiwan and Mainland China (After the amendment of the contract in the fourth quarter of 2021, it was revised to Taiwan, China, Japan, South Korea and Russia). As of December 31, 2022, the Group has received the aforementioned up-front payment and part of the milestone payment in accordance with the contract terms. The revenue of up-front payment and milestone payment achieved is recognised based on the satisfaction percentage during research and development period. If the drug was successfully launched, the supply price base on the supply terms and quantities, and the profit-sharing royalty calculated based on sales could also be collected. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group recognised the revenue from authorisation and cooperative development contract amounting to \$261,876 and \$496,089, respectively.

The European Medicines Agency and the US Food and Drug Administration accepted the Sandoz AG's application for marketing review in January 2022 and February 2022, respectively. Sandoz AG received a complete response letter from the US Food and Drug

Administration in December 2022. Within the complete response letter (CRL):

- A. There were no clinical or safety or biosimilarity deficiencies cited in the CRL.
- B. The CRL cites certain drug product deficiencies related to the manufacturing facility identified by the agency during a pre-license inspection of the site.

In January 2023, the Company received an EIR (Establishment Inspection Report) from the US Food and Drug Administration, which indicated that the Company's Zhubei plant had passed the US FDA's pre-marketing drug inspection. Sandoz is in close contact with the FDA to meet the satisfactory resolution of the FDA observations in a timely manner and plans a BLA resubmission in due course.

(20) Interest income

	 Year ended	ed December 31		
	 2022		2021	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 57,862	\$	8,764	
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,722		1,260	
Other interest income	 		342	
	\$ 59,584	\$	10,366	
(21) Other income				
	 Year ended	Decemb	per 31	
	2022		2021	
Government grant revenues	\$ 37,214	\$	37,022	
Other income	 430		3,173	
	\$ 37,644	\$	40,195	

The Company received a grant for the 'Breast Cancer Targeted Antibody similar to EG12014 Trastuzumab Biosimilar phase III clinical trial program' from Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA). The program execution period is from November 1, 2019 to June 30, 2023 and the limit on total grant amounted to \$80,000. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognised government grants revenue of \$36,994 and \$36,861, respectively.

(22) Other gains and losses

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Loss on lease modification	(\$	709)	\$	-	
Foreign exchange gains (losses)		126,788	(9,658)	
Gains on financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss		2,863		1,937	
Miscellaneous disbursements	(24)	(4,545)	
Loss on redemption of convertible					
bonds	(3)		<u>-</u>	
	\$	128,915	(\$	12,266)	
(23) <u>Finance costs</u>					
		Year ended	Decemb	per 31	
		2022		2021	
Interest expense on bank					
borrowings	\$	1,205	\$	11,267	
Interest expense on lease liabilities		8,208		7,756	
Other interest expense		226		2,126	
Interest expense	\$	9,639	\$	21,149	

(24) Employee benefits, depreciation and amortisation expenses

Function	Year ended December 31, 2022			Year ended December 31, 2021			
	Classified as	Classified as		Classified as	Classified as		
	Operating	Operating		Operating	Operating		
Nature	Costs	Expenses	Total	Costs	Expenses	Total	
Employee benefit							
Wages and salaries	\$ 147,873	\$ 220,847	\$ 368,720	\$ 112,754	\$ 175,334	\$ 288,088	
Share based payment	60,275	95,037	155,312	44,609	109,061	153,670	
Labour and health insurance	13,771	19,354	33,125	9,421	14,724	24,145	
Pension costs	7,427	10,863	18,290	5,522	7,742	13,264	
Directors' remuneration	1	3,948	3,948	1	3,235	3,235	
Other personnel expenses	5,557	13,245	18,802	3,761	7,983	11,744	
Depreciation expense	99,536	89,564	189,100	80,216	88,476	168,692	
Amortisation expense	10,456	5,728	16,184	9,271	7,033	16,304	

- A. In accordance with to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 1% to 5% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration.
- B. No employees' compensation and directors' remuneration was accrued due to the net loss incurred for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.
- C. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors and resolved at the shareholders' meeting will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(25) Income taxes

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	1,023	\$	709	
Prior year income tax (over)					
underestimation		(136)		518	
Total current tax		887		1,227	
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences		338		189	
Income tax expense	\$	1,225	\$	1,416	

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Year ended December 31					
	20)22	2021			
Currency translation differences	\$	- \$	19			

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	Year ended December 31				
		2022	2021		
Tax calculated based on loss before					
tax and statutory tax rate	(\$	22,863) (\$	8,233)		
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		49	3		
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(3,099) (387)		
Taxable losses not recognised as deferred					
tax assets		27,274	8,100		
Prior year income tax (over)					
underestimation	(136)	518		
Temporary differences not					
recognised as deferred tax assets		<u> </u>	1,415		
Income tax expenses	\$	1,225 \$	1,416		

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences:

	2022						
			Recognised in other				
		Recognised in	comprehensive	December			
	January 1	profit or loss	income	31			
-Deferred tax assets: Share of profit (loss) of associates and subsidiaries accounted for using the equity							
method, net differences	\$ 536	\$ 338	\$ -	\$ 874			
			2021				
			Recognised in other				
		Recognised in	comprehensive	December			
	January 1	profit or loss	income	31			
-Deferred tax assets:							
Share of profit (loss) of associates and subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method, net differences Currency translation	\$ 347	\$ 189	\$ -	\$ 536			
differences	19	-	(19)	_			
GHIOTORICO.	\$ 366	\$ 189	(\$ 19)	\$ 536			

D. Details of the amount the Company is entitled as investment tax credit and unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

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		Unrecognised					
Qualifying items	Unus	sed tax credits	defer	red tax assets	Expiry year		
Research and	\$	887,160	\$	887,160	Note		
development							

December 31, 2021

	Unrecognised					
Qualifying items	Unus	ed tax credits	defer	red tax assets	Expiry year	
Research and	\$	686,981	\$	686,981	Note	
development						

Note: The Company was entitled to the incentives conferred under the Biotech and New Pharmaceutical Development Act following the Company's incorporation as a biotech pharmaceutical company pursuant to the Letter No. Jing-Shou-Gong-Zi-

10920401340 issued by the MOEA on February 3, 2020. The incentive measures are valid for five years beginning on the next date of the issuance of MOEA's Letter. The investment tax credit can be first used to offset expenditure on research and development and staff training when there is taxable business income. Any unused tax credit is available for the following four years. As of December 31, 2022, the Company has no profit-seeking enterprise income tax.

E. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

T	_	1 1	$\Delta \Omega \Delta A$	`
Decemb	ner ∢	(I	7117	,
Decemb	<i>'</i> UI ~	, , ,	404	_

	Amount filed/		d	eferred tax	
Year incurred	assessed	Unused amo	unt_	assets	Expiry year
2013	Amount assessed	\$ 104,5	40 \$	104,540	2023
2014	Amount assessed	131,7	62	131,762	2024
2015	Amount assessed	133,2	.57	133,257	2025
2016	Amount assessed	109,7	37	109,737	2026
2017	Amount assessed	163,9	49	163,949	2027
2018	Amount assessed	371,8	27	371,827	2028
2019	Amount assessed	858,8	19	858,819	2029
2020	Amount assessed	1,009,1	68	1,009,168	2030
2021	Amount filed	56,1	44	56,144	2031
2022	Amount expected	132,1	40	132,140	2032
		\$ 3,071,3	43 \$	3,071,343	
	-		.001		

December 31, 2021

	Amount filed/			d	eferred tax	
Year incurred	assessed	Un	used amount		assets	Expiry year
2013	Amount assessed	\$	104,540	\$	104,540	2023
2014	Amount assessed		131,762		131,762	2024
2015	Amount assessed		133,257		133,257	2025
2016	Amount assessed		109,737		109,737	2026
2017	Amount assessed		163,949		163,949	2027
2018	Amount assessed		371,827		371,827	2028
2019	Amount assessed		858,819		858,819	2029
2020	Amount filed		1,009,168		1,009,168	2030
2021	Amount expected		38,184		38,184	2031
		\$	2,921,243	\$	2,921,243	

F. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that ware not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021		
Deductible temporary differences	\$	16,138	\$	28,768		

G. The Company's income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(26) Loss per share

	Year ended December 31, 2022				
			Weighted average		
			number of ordinary		
			shares outstanding	Loss per share	
	Amount a	ıfter tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)	
Basic loss per share					
Loss for the year	(\$	115,540)	303,258	(\$ 0.38)	
		Year	ended December 31,	2021	
			Weighted average		
			number of ordinary		
			shares outstanding	Loss per share	
	Amount a	ıfter tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)	
Basic loss per share					
Loss for the year	(\$	42,581)	242,662	(\$ 0.18)	

Diluted loss per share would not be calculated as the Company had loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(27) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Purchase of property, plant and					
equipment	\$	484,512	\$	170,471	
Add: Opening balance of other					
payables		19,508		15,729	
Less: Ending balance of other					
payables	(158,228)	(19,508)	
Cash paid during the year	\$	345,792	\$	166,692	

B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects

Conversion of convertible bonds S				<u> </u>	Year en	ded Dec	ember 31			
Case Changes in liabilities from financing activities Changes in liabilities from financing activities Changes in cash flow from financing activities				2022			20	21_		
Long-term borrowings Lease liability Changes in cash flow frorigin exchange rate Changes in cash flow from financing activities Long-term borrowings Lease liability Lease liability Changes in cash flow from financing activities	Conversion of conve	rtible bonds	\$		126,	<u>375</u> <u>\$</u>			165	,395
Long-term borrowings Lease liability Dortion Current Dortion D	(28) Changes in liabilities fro	om financing	activit	<u>ties</u>						
Long-term borrowings Lease liability current deposits received from financing deposits received gross from financing deposits received gross from financing deposits received gross from financing deposits received deposits received from financing deposits received from financing deposits received received deposits received received received received r					2	022				
Long-term Long-term Lease liability Cincluding Current deposits received gross					В	onds			L	iabilities
Long-term borrowings Lease liability Current portion Deposits received Signoss					pa	yable				from
At January 1 \$ - \$ 307,542 \$ 127,070 \$ - \$ 434,612 Changes in cash flow from financing activities 120,460 24,435 200) 294 96,119 Changes in right-ofuse assets 120,460 54,767 - - 54,767 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate changes in other non-cash items - 1 - - 54,767 At December 31 \$ 120,460 \$ 338,584 \$ - \$ 294 \$ 459,338 Long-term borrowings (including current portion) Bonds payable (including current portion) Liabilities from financing activities grows At January 1 \$ 716,701 \$ 323,541 \$ 291,985 \$ 1,332,227 Changes in cash flow from financing activities 718,014 19,570 - 737,584 Changes in right-ofuse assets - 3,722 - 3,722 Impact of changes in other foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items - 1,313 - 1,164,915 163,602					(inc	luding	Guarant	ee	fi	nancing
At January 1		Long-ter	m		cu	rrent	deposit	S	ac	ctivities-
Changes in cash flow from financing activities		borrowing	gs Le	ease liability	poi	rtion)	receive	d		gross
Changes in right-ofuse assets - 54,767 - 54,767 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items - 1 - - 1 At December 31 \$ 120,460 \$ 338,584 \$ - \$ 294 \$ 459,338 At January 1 \$ 716,701 \$ 323,541 \$ 291,985 \$ 1,332,227 Changes in cash flow from financing activities (718,014) 19,570 - (737,584) Changes in right-ofuse assets - 3,722 - 3,722 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items - (151) - (151) Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)	Changes in cash flow	\$	- \$	307,542	\$ 1	27,070	\$	-	\$	434,612
use assets - 54,767 - - 54,767 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items - 1 - - 1 - - 1 1 - - 1 - - 1 - - - 1 - - - 1 - - - 1 - - - - 1 - - - - 1 - - - - - 1 -		120,4	60 (24,435)	(200)	2	294		96,119
foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items - 1 - - 1 At December 31 \$ 120,460 \$ 338,584 \$ - \$ 294 \$ 459,338 Long-term borrowings (including current portion) Bonds payable (including current financing activities-gross) Liabilities from financing activities gross At January 1 \$ 716,701 \$ 323,541 \$ 291,985 \$ 1,332,227 Changes in cash flow from financing activities (718,014) (19,570) - (737,584) Changes in right-of-use assets - 3,722 - 3,722 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items - (151) - (151)	• •		-	54,767		-		-		54,767
Changes in other non-cash items — 709 (126,870) — (126,161) At December 31 \$ 120,460 \$ 338,584 \$ — \$ 294 \$ 459,338 Long-term borrowings (including current portion) Bonds payable (including current financing activities gross) Liabilities from financing activities gross At January 1 \$ 716,701 \$ 323,541 \$ 291,985 \$ 1,332,227 Changes in cash flow from financing activities (718,014) 19,570) — (737,584) Changes in right-ofuse assets — 3,722 — 3,722 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items — (151) — (151) Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 — (164,915) (163,602)	-			1						1
Top-cash items			-	1		-		-		1
Long-term Bonds payable Liabilities from financing activities-gross	_		<u> </u>	709	(1	26,870)			(126,161)
Long-term borrowings (including current portion) Lease liability portion) Lease liability portion) 2323,541 \$ 291,985 \$ 1,332,227 Changes in cash flow from financing activities (718,014) (19,570) - (737,584) Changes in right-ofuse assets - 3,722 - 3,722 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)	At December 31	\$ 120,4	60 \$	338,584	\$	_	\$ 2	294	\$	459,338
borrowings (including current portion) Lease liability portion) Portion) At January 1 \$716,701 \$323,541 \$291,985 \$1,332,227 Changes in cash flow from financing activities (718,014) (19,570) - (737,584) Changes in right-ofuse assets - 3,722 - 3,722 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)					20	021				
Changes in cash flow from financing activities (718,014) (19,570) - (737,584) Changes in right-of- use assets - 3,722 - 3,722 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate - (151) - (151) Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)		borrowi	ings current	Lease lia	bility	(includi	ng current		fina	ncing
from financing activities (718,014) (19,570) - (737,584) Changes in right-of- use assets - 3,722 - 3,722 Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate - (151) - (151) Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)	-	\$ 71	6,701	\$ 32	23,541	\$	291,985	\$	1	,332,227
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate - (151) - (151) Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)	from financing activities	(71	8,014)	(1	19,570)	1	-	(737,584)
foreign exchange rate - (151) - (151) Changes in other non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)			-		3,722		-			3,722
non-cash items 1,313 - (164,915) (163,602)	foreign exchange rate		-	(151)	ı	-	(151)
At December 31 <u>\$ - \$ 307,542 \$ 127,070 \$ 434,612</u>	_		1,313			(164,915)	(163,602)
	At December 31	\$		\$ 30	07,542	\$	127,070	\$		434,612

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Group has no ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC.	Other related party
Development Center for Biotechnology (DCB)(Note 1)	<i>"</i>
FORMOSA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.	<i>"</i>
TFBS Bioscience Inc. (Note 2)	<i>"</i>

Note 1: DCB term expired as a director after re-election of directors at the Company's shareholders' meeting on June 10, 2022. (The transaction amounts from January 1, 2022 to June 10, 2022 and from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021 are disclosed in the financial statements.)

Note 2: Since the Company was elected as one of the directors of TFBS Bioscience, Inc. on June 8, 2022. (The transaction amount from June 8, 2022 to December 31, 2022 are disclosed in the financial statements.)

(3) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating revenue

	Year ended December 31			
		2022		2021
Sales of goods:		_		
Other related parties	\$	12,850	\$	2,240
Sales of services:				
Other related parties		5,622		6,504
	\$	18,472	\$	8,744

- (a) No similar transaction can be compared with for the sales of service. Prices and terms are determined based on mutual agreements.
- (b) On December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group has recognised the revenue-related contract assets amounting to \$744 and \$974, and contract liabilities amounting to \$620 and \$929, respectively.

B. Service expense (shown as 'research and development expense')

	Year ended December 31					
		2022		2021		
Other related parties	\$	17,651	\$	5,559		

It refers to service expense of contracted Biopharmaceutical research and development with other related parties. Prices and terms are determined based on mutual agreements.

C. <u>Testing expense</u> (shown as 'operating costs')

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Other related parties	\$	17,612	\$		
D. Other expenses (shown as '	administrative exp	enses')			

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Other related parties	\$	2,463	\$	4,729	

It refers to repair and maintenance fees, based on the price specified in the contract as mutually agreed, allocated from leasing plant and lab from DCB, and the expense shall be paid before the 25th day of the first month of each quarter as specified in the contract.

E. Receivables from related parties

	December 31, 2022	Decemb	December 31, 2021	
Other receivables:				
Other related parties	\$	_ \$	546	
F. Payables to related parties				

	Dec	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Other payables:						
Other related parties	\$	7,732	\$	5,695		

The abovementioned balances of \$1,551 on December 31, 2021, refer to the utilities payables to DCB which made payments on behalf of the Company.

G. Property transactions

(a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment:

	Year ended December 31					
		2022		2021		
Other related parties	\$		- \$	190		

(b) Acquisition of financial assets:

	Year ended December 31				
	2	022	2021		
Accounts	Consi	deration	Consideration	n	
Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss	\$	58,390	\$	_	
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other	\$	40.627	\$	_	
	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Non-current financial assets	Accounts Consi Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Non-current financial assets at fair value through other	Accounts Consideration Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Non-current financial assets at fair value through other	Accounts Consideration Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Non-current financial assets at fair value through other 2022 Consideration Solve Service	

Refer to Note 6(2) B. and Note 6(7) B. for details of the transactions relating to the Company's acquisition of assets from related parties.

H. Lease transactions - lessee

(a) The Group leases plant, laboratory, instrument and equipment from DCB. Rental contract period is expected to be 20 years with initial rental period of 5 years plus the extension options. Rents are paid before the 25th day of the first month of each quarter.

(b) Right-of-use assets

	Decem	ber 31, 2021
	Carry	ring amount
Land	\$	64,558
Buildings		80,222
Machinery and equipment		37,359
	\$	182,139

As of December 31, 2022, DCB was no longer a related party, and therefore the carrying amount of its related right-of-use assets was not disclosed.

	Year ended December 31				
		2022	2021		
	Depreciation expense		Depreciation expense		
Land	\$	3,061	\$	4,193	
Buildings		2,279		5,229	
Machinery and equipment		1,022		2,299	
	\$	6,362	\$	11,721	

(c) Lease liabilities

i. Outstanding balance

	Decem	ber 31, 2021
Other related party -		
DCB	\$	187,803

As of December 31, 2022, DCB was no longer a related party, and therefore the carrying amount of its related lease liabilities was not disclosed.

ii. Interest expense

	 Year ended December 31					
	 2022		- <u></u>	2021		
Other related party -						
DCB	\$	2,185	\$		4,747	

(b) Rent expense (shown as 'operating cost' and 'operating expenses')

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Other related party -					
DCB	\$	50	<u> \$</u>	3,603	

Note: As of December 31, 2021, guarantee deposits paid (shown as other non-current assets, others) both amounted to \$2,962.

(4) Key management compensation

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	30,390	\$	36,555	
Post-employment benefits		556		780	
Share based payment		31,043		16,654	
	\$	61,989	\$	53,989	

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value		Book value		
Pledged asset	Decem	nber 31, 2022	Dec	cember 31, 2021	Purpose
Pledged demand deposits					Note 1
(shown as current	\$		\$	27,334	
other financial assets)					
Pledged time deposits	\$	8,671	\$	8,588	Note 2
(shown as non-current					
financial assets at					
amortised cost)					
Guarantee deposits paid	\$	65,048	\$	64,270	Note 3
(shown as other					
non-current assets,					
others)					
Property, plant and	\$	1,158,399	<u>\$</u>	1,315,911	Note 4
equipment					

- Note 1: It refers to short-term borrowings limit.
- Note 2: It refers to guarantee for lease of land
- Note 3: It refers to deposits for research commissioned contract, equipment and office, guarantee for gas meter as well as certificates of deposit for customs post-release duty payment.
- Note 4: It refers to long-term borrowings limit. In April 2022, the Company terminated the syndicated loan agreement with 6 financial institutions including Taiwan Business Bank. However, the guarantee for the pledged buildings has not yet been released.

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

- A. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the remaining payments contracted for research commissioned contracts at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred amounted to \$105,637 and \$236,146, respectively.
- B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the remaining payments contracted for equipment purchase and plant design at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred amounted to \$815,285 and \$976,461, respectively.
- C. In September, 2020, the Group formed a collaboration with Antaimmu BioMed Co., Ltd. and Panion & BF Biotech Inc. to develop large-scale manufacture of the Vstrip® COVID-19 Antigen Rapid Test. Those three companies could develop markets individually after the joint agreement on the national distribution rights of product is reached among them based on the contract structure, and the profit-sharing royalty shall be calculated in proportion to the ratios

specified in the contract. This contract had expired and was terminated on December 31, 2021. However, the sale of products can be continued and no relevant profit-sharing royalty is required to be paid.

- D. Refer to Note 6(2) B. and Note 6(7) B. for details of the transactions relating to the Group's acquisition of assets from related parties.
- E. The Group entered into a long-term consignment contract with a supplier to ensure the future supply of goods and pay the guarantee amounting to \$30,000. As of December 31, 2022, the aforementioned amount was shown as other non-current assets, others of \$30,000.

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

- (1) On March 10, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved to newly grant 1,105 thousand shares of stock options to employees for the year ended December 31, 2022. The issuance of employee stock options are in accordance with the terms of employee stock options.
- (2) The Board of Directors on March 10, 2023 resolved to issue the 1st and 2nd restricted stocks to employees amounting to 805 thousand and 870 thousand shares with no subscription price, respectively, which has not yet been resolved by the shareholders as of March 10, 2023.
- (3) The Board of Directors on March 10, 2023 resolved to raise additional cash through private placement. The maximum number of shares to be issued through the private placement is 30,000 thousand, and the private placement can be completed in three instalments after the authorization by shareholders. However, the issuance has not been resolved at the shareholders' meeting as of March 10, 2023.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Financial assets mandatorily measured				
at fair value through profit or loss	\$	61,420	\$	891
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Designation of equity	Ф	270 225	Φ	11 (07
instrument	\$	279,325	\$	11,607
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,126,885	\$	6,625,384
Financial assets at amortised cost		1,041,123		1,645,228
Notes receivable		-		1,139
Accounts receivable		32,782		78,474
Accounts receivable - related parties		-		546
Other receivables		24,944		6,818
Guarantee deposits paid (shown		65,048		64,270
as other non-current assets,				
others)				
Other current and non-current				27,334
financial assets	_			21,334
	\$	7,290,782	\$	8,449,193
		D		5
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
Financial liabilities at amortised				
cost	Φ.	104 607	Φ.	06.456
Accounts payable	\$	134,607	\$	86,456
Other payables		407,387		234,716
Other payables-related parties		7,732		5,695
Bonds payable (including current portion)		-		127,070
Long-term borrowings		120,460		_
Guarantee deposits received		120,400		_
(shown as other non-current				
liabilities)		294		_
incontrol,	\$	670,480	\$	453,937
Lease liability (current and non-	\$	338,584	\$	307,542
current)				

B. Financial risk management policies

(a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including

foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

i. Exchange rate risk

- (i) The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD, EUR, GBP and JPY. Foreign exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- (ii) Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- (iii) The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; subsidiaries' functional currency: EUR). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

December	21	1 2	000	
December	1	L . Z	MZZ	

	Fo	oreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
Financial assets				
Monetary items				
USD:NTD	\$	44,053	30.71	\$ 1,352,868
EUR:NTD		191	32.72	6,250
GBP:NTD		110	37.09	4,080
JPY:NTD		8,476	0.23	1,949
Financial liabilities				
Monetary items				
USD:NTD	\$	708	30.71	\$ 21,743
EUR:NTD		1,048	32.72	34,291
GBP:NTD		30	37.09	1,113
			December 31, 2021	
			December 31, 2021	
	Fo	oreign currency	December 31, 2021	
	Fo	oreign currency amount (In	December 31, 2021	Book value
	Fo	oreign currency	December 31, 2021 Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
Financial assets	Fo	oreign currency amount (In		
Financial assets Monetary items	Fo	oreign currency amount (In		
	Fo	oreign currency amount (In		\$
Monetary items		oreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	(NTD)
Monetary items USD:NTD		oreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate 27.68	(NTD) 1,150,824
Monetary items USD:NTD EUR:NTD		oreign currency amount (In thousands) 41,576 1,097	Exchange rate 27.68 31.32	(NTD) 1,150,824 34,358
Monetary items USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD		oreign currency amount (In thousands) 41,576 1,097	Exchange rate 27.68 31.32	(NTD) 1,150,824 34,358
Monetary items USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD Financial liabilities		oreign currency amount (In thousands) 41,576 1,097	Exchange rate 27.68 31.32	(NTD) 1,150,824 34,358
Monetary items USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD Financial liabilities Monetary items	\$	amount (In thousands) 41,576 1,097 1,510	Exchange rate 27.68 31.32 0.24	\$ (NTD) 1,150,824 34,358 362
Monetary items USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD Financial liabilities Monetary items USD:NTD	\$	oreign currency amount (In thousands) 41,576 1,097 1,510	Exchange rate 27.68 31.32 0.24	\$ (NTD) 1,150,824 34,358 362 20,815

(iv) Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

	Year ended December 31, 2022						
		Sensitivity analysis					
	Degree of variation		et on profit or	Effect on other comprehensive income			
Financial assets	variation		1055				
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	13,529	\$ -			
EUR:NTD	1%		8	55			
GBP:NTD	1%		41	-			
JPY:NTD	1%		19	-			
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	217	\$ -			
EUR:NTD	1%		343	-			
GBP:NTD	1%		11	-			
	Yea	r ended	December 31,	2021			
		Sensitivity analysis					
				Effect on other			
	Degree of	Effec	et on profit or	comprehensive			
_	variation		loss	income			

				Effe	ct on other
	Degree of	Effec	et on profit or	com	prehensive
	variation	loss		income	
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	1%	\$	11,508	\$	-
EUR:NTD	1%		344		-
JPY:NTD	1%		4		-
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	1%	\$	208	\$	-
EUR:NTD	1%		475		-
GBP:NTD	1%		21		-
JPY:NTD	1%		2		-

(v) The total exchange gain (loss), including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$126,788 and (\$9,658), respectively.

ii. Price risk

- (i.) The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- (ii.) The Group's investments in equity securities comprise. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$2,793 and \$116, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

iii. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During 2022 and 2021, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial

recognition:

If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable, and contract assets in accordance with customer types. The Group applies the modified approach using individual provision to estimate expected credit loss.
- vii. The Group's notes and accounts receivable were generated from the customers who have optimal credit rating, and the expected credit loss rate is 0.03% after using the forecastability of future boom. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of notes and accounts receivable (including related parties) amounted to \$32,782 and \$80,159, respectively. Although some accounts receivable were past due over 90 days, the expected credit risk is insignificant based on individual assessment, thus, loss allowance was recognised amounting to \$297 and \$689, respectively. The counterparties of time deposits over 3 months are financial institutions all with high credit quality and the expected credit risk is insignificant based on the assessment, thus, no loss allowance was recognised.

viii. Movements in loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	December	iber 31		
2	2021			
\$	689	\$	-	
	-		689	
(392)		_	
\$	297	\$	689	
		\$ 689 (392)	\$ 689 \$ (392)	

(c) Liquidity risk

- Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts and time deposits, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	 December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Floating rate:		
Expiring within one year	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 880,000
Expiring beyond one year	 593,540	 995,800
	\$ 1,613,540	\$ 1,875,800

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	I	Less than		Between 1			
December 31, 2022		1 year	and	5 years	Over 5 years		Total
Non-derivative financial							
<u>liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	134,607	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 134,607
Other payables		407,387		-		-	407,387
Other payables- related parties		7,732		-		-	7,732
Lease liability		34,828		115,926		247,968	398,722
Long-term borrowings		2,216		125,265		-	127,481
Guarantee deposit received		294		-		-	294
(show as other non- current liabilities)							
	I	ess than	Be	tween 1			
December 31, 2021		1 year	and	5 years	Ov	er 5 years	Total
Non-derivative financial							
<u>liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	86,456	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 86,456
Other payables		234,716		-		-	234,716
Other payables- related parties		5,695		-		-	5,695
Lease liability		26,555		95,725		247,236	369,516
Bonds payable		•		•		•	,
(including current portion)		127,070		-		-	127,070

v. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. An active market refers to a market in which transactions for an asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and the call options and put options embedded in convertible bonds issued by the Group are included in Level 3.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, guarantee deposits paid (shown as other non-current assets, others), other financial assets, accounts payable, other payables (including related parties), bonds payable (including current portion), long-term borrowings (including current portion), guarantee deposits received (shown as other non-current liabilities) and lease liabilities are approximate to their fair values.

C. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:

(a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2022	Level 1		I	Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets								
Recurring fair value								
<u>measurements</u>								
Financial assets at fair								
value through profit or								
loss	ф		ф		Ф	<i>c</i> 1 400	Ф	<i>c</i> 1 420
Profit-sharing investments in new drug	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,420	\$	61,420
development								
Financial assets at fair value								
through other								
comprehensive income								
Equity securities		_				279,325		279,325
	\$	_	\$	_	\$	340,745	\$	340,745
December 31, 2021	Level 1		I	Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets		_						
Recurring fair value								
measurements								
Financial assets at fair								
value through profit or								
loss								
Call options and Put	\$	-	\$	-	\$	891	\$	891
options of convertible								
bonds Financial assets at fair value								
through other								
comprehensive income								
Equity securities		_		_		11,607		11,607
	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12,498	\$	12,498

(b) The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods.

D. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

					202	22	
	De	rivative		Equity		Profit-sharing vestment in new	
	inst	ruments	in	struments	dr	ug development	Total
At January 1	\$	891	\$	11,607	\$	- \$	12,498
Additions		-		208,627		58,390	267,017
Conversions of convertible bonds	(723)		-		- (723)
Gains or losses recognised in profit or							
loss shown as other gains and losses							
Gains (losses) on valuation	(167)		-		3,030	2,863
Gains and losses recognised in							
other comprehensive income							
Gains (losses) on valuation	,	-		59,091		-	59,091
Settled during the year	(1)				- (_	1)
At December 31	\$		\$	279,325	\$	61,420 \$	340,745
						2021	
		Derivative				Equity	
			ir	struments		instruments	Total
At January 1			\$	600	\$	5,956 \$	6,556
Conversions of convertible bonds			(1,646)		- (1,646)
Gains or losses recognised in profit or							
loss shown as other gains and losses							
Gains (losses) on valuation				1,937		-	1,937
Gains and losses recognised in other							
comprehensive income							
Gains (losses) on valuation					_	5,651	5,651
At December 31			\$	891	\$	11,607 \$	12,498

- E. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- F. Appointed external appraiser is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

G. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at December 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 6,207	Price-Book Ratio	Price-to -book ratio Discount for lack of marketability	1.54~8.46 (3.05) 30% (30%)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value; The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	273,118	Price-Book Ratio	Price-to-book ratio Discount for	2.01~2.54 (2.19)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value; The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Profit-sharing investments in new drug	61,420	Royalty relief method of income	lack of marketability Discount rate	(30%) 24.58%	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value
development		approach	Market share	1.0%~5.4%	The higher the market share, the higher the fair value
Non-derivative	Fair value at December 31, 2021	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 11,607	Price-Book Ratio	Price-to -book ratio Discount for lack of marketability	2.23~8.93 (3.41) 30% (30%)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value; The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Call options and Put options of convertible bonds	891	The Binomial- Tree approach	Stock price volatility	68.35% (68.35%)	The higher the stock price volatility, the higher the fair value

H. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

·				December 31, 2022								
			Re	ecognised i	n pr	ofit or loss		Recognis				
			Fa	avourable	Ur	nfavourable	F	avourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change		change		change		change		change		
Financial assets Profit-sharing investments	Discount Rate	±5%	\$	3,071	(\$	3,071)	\$	-	\$	-		
in new drug development Unlisted shares	Market Share Price-Book Ratio	±5%		-		-		13,966	(13,966)		
	Lack of marketability	±5%	\$	3,071	(\$	3,071)	\$	13,966 27,932	(<u> </u>	13,966) 27,932)		
						December	31	, 2021				
								Recognis	ed i	n other		
			Re	ecognised i	n pr	ofit or loss		compreher	sive	income		
				avourable	Unfavourable		F	Favourable	Uı	nfavourable		
	Input	Change		change		change		change		change		
Financial assets Call options and Put options of convertible bonds	Stock price volatility	±5%	\$	150	(\$	130)	\$	-	\$	-		
Unlisted shares	Price-Book Ratio	±5%		-		-		580	(580)		
	Lack of	±5%		_		_		580	(580)		
	marketability		\$	150	(\$	130)	\$	1,160	(\$	1,160)		
									_			

(4) Other

The Group's operations were working normally during the Covid-19 outbreak and were implementing the government's epidemic prevention measures. The Group assessed that there was no significant impact on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, asset impairment and financing risks.

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 1.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 2.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 3.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

None.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 4.

14. Segment Information

(1) General information

The Group is primarily engaged in the biosimilar and new drug research and development as well as biopharmaceutical contract development and manufacturing services, including cell line construction platforms, process development platforms, analytical science and protein characterisation, as well as PIC/S facilities to provide clinical trial drug production, etc. The Group operates business only in a single industry. The Chief Operating Decision-maker who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

(2) Segment Information

The accounting policies of the operating segments are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarised in Note 4. The Group's segment profit (loss) is measured with

the loss before tax, which is used as a basis for the Group in assessing the performance of the operating segments.

(3) <u>Information about segment profit or loss</u>, assets and liabilities

The Group has only one reportable operating segment, thus, the reportable information is in agreement with those in the consolidated financial statements.

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

The amounts provided to the Chief Operating Decision-maker with respect to segment assets, liabilities and loss before tax from continuing operations are measured in a manner consistent with that in the financial statements. Thus, no reconciliation is needed.

(5) <u>Information on products and services</u>

The Group's revenue is mainly from biopharmaceutical contract development and manufacturing services, authorisation and cooperative development and sales. Details of revenue are as follows:

	Year ended December 31							
		2022	2021					
Service revenue	\$	757,680	\$	864,515				
Sales revenue		261,876		496,089				
Authorisation and cooperative development revenue		461,461		336,755				
	\$	1,481,017	\$	1,697,359				

(6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Year ended December 31									
		20)22			20	21			
			N	Ion-current			N	Ion-current		
	I	Revenue		assets		Revenue		assets		
Taiwan	\$	746,845	\$	3,176,241	\$	611,808	\$	2,284,180		
Japan		133,023		-		149,949		-		
American & Canada		304,969		-		373,492		-		
Europe		283,327		1,169		549,259		1,962		
Others		12,853		_		12,851	_	_		
	\$	1,481,017	\$	3,177,410	\$	1,697,359	\$	2,286,142		

(7) Major customer information

Major customers which contributed more than 10% of the Group's total operating revenues for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are listed below:

			Year ended	Dece	December 31			
		2022			2021			
	_ F	Revenue	Segment	Revenue		Segment		
A	\$	514,208	Note	\$	355,074	Note		
В		261,876	"		496,089	"		
C		168,647	"		283,557	"		

Note: The Group has only one reportable operating segment.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

December 31, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

	As	of 1	December	· 31.	2022
--	----	------	----------	-------	------

		Relationship with						
 Securities held by	Marketable securities	the securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership	Fair value	Footnote
EirGenix Inc.	Oncomatryx Biopharma S.L. common stock	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	30,665	\$ 6,207	0.37% \$	6,207	
"	TFBS Bioscience, Inc.	"	"	4,752,361	273,118	14.35%	273,118	
	common stock							

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Transaction				
								Percentage of consolidated total
Number								operating revenues or
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship	General ledger account		Amount	Transaction terms	total assets (Note 3)
0	EirGenix Inc.	EirGenix Europe GmbH	(1)	Operating expesnse	\$	66,663	Note 4	4.50%
0	EirGenix Inc.	EirGenix Europe GmbH	(1)	Other payables		8,665	"	0.07%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transact between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):
 - (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
 - (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
 - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: Prices and terms for services are based on the mutual agreement and payments are collected quarterly in advance.
- Note 5: Transactions between the parent company and subsidiaries are eliminated.
- Note 6: Individual amounts less than \$1,000 are not disclosed.

Information on investees

Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial inves	stment aı	mount	Shares held as at December 31, 2022		Net profit (loss) of	Investment income (loss)			
			Main business	Balance as at December 31,		lance as at cember 31,	Number of	Ownership			the investee for the year ended	recognised by the Company for the year	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	2022		2021	shares	(%)	Boo	k value	December 31, 2022	ended December 31, 2022	Footnote
EirGenix Inc.	EirGenix Europe GmbH	Germany	Biopharmaceutical research and development as well as business development	\$ 845	\$	845	-	100.00	\$	5,200	\$ 1,690	\$ 1,690	None

Major shareholders information

December 31, 2022

Table 4

	Shares			
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)		
Foxconn Technology Co., Ltd.	27,500,000	9.03		
Yonglin Capital Holding Co., Ltd.	26,500,000	8.70		
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	18,582,818	6.10		
National Development Fund, Executive Yuan	15,288,860	5.02		